

Research Team





- IDOT Central Bureau of Materials
- Illinois Asphalt Pavement Association (IAPA)
- Federal Highway Administration
- University of Illinois (UIUC) ICT
- Arizona State University
- · University of Nevada
- INTERRA Inc.
- Completed December 2019











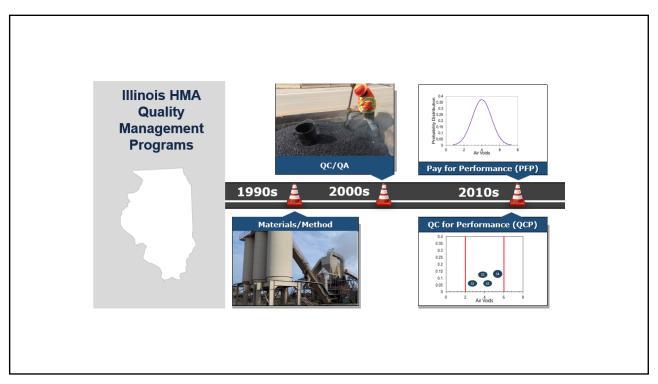


Technical Review Members

- James Trepanier (Chairman)
- Dr. Imad Al-Qadi (PI)
- Jose Rivera-Perez (Graduate Student)
- David Lippert
- John Huang

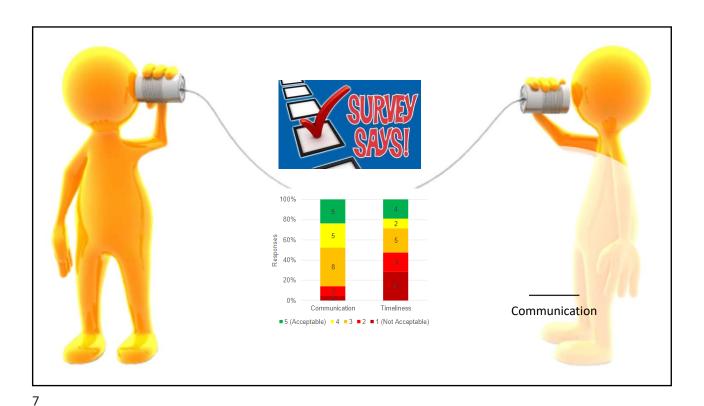


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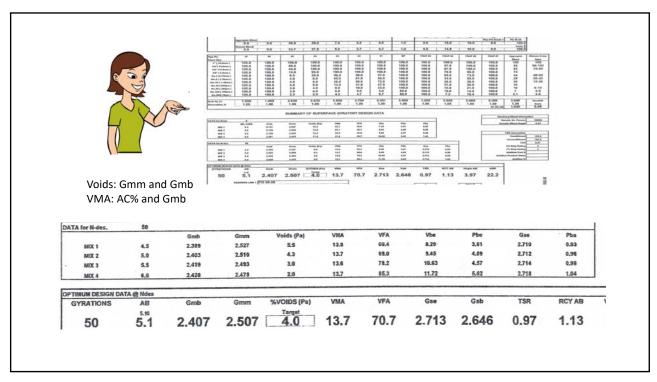


Review of 2015-2017
Data

Research Dilemma:
who's
numbers is
correct QC or
QA?

• Reference:

MISTIC
Sequel Server
QCQA package



Thank You to everyone that helped (2018)

• District 1: 5 different contractors spread to cover the entire district

• District 2: 1 contract

• District 5: 1 contract

• District 6: 1 contract

• District 8: 2 different contractors

• District 9: 1 contract

Total: 11 projects



General Understanding of Testing Programs

• Method: IDOT production control and

sample testing (Design)

• QC/QA: Contractor controlled production

and IDOT sample testing



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General Understanding of Testing Programs

• PFP: Contracts of > 8000 tons of a single mix

QC does production control and test mix and cores

QA tests mix and cores for pay factor

Challenges are allowed

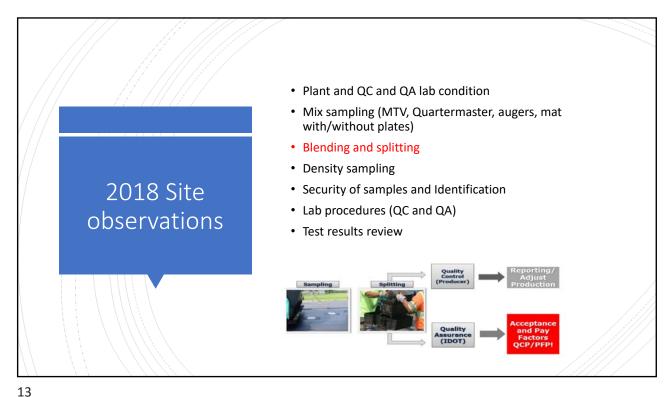
• QCP: Contracts < 8000 tons of a single mix

QC does the production control and test mix QA test mix and cores for step pay factor

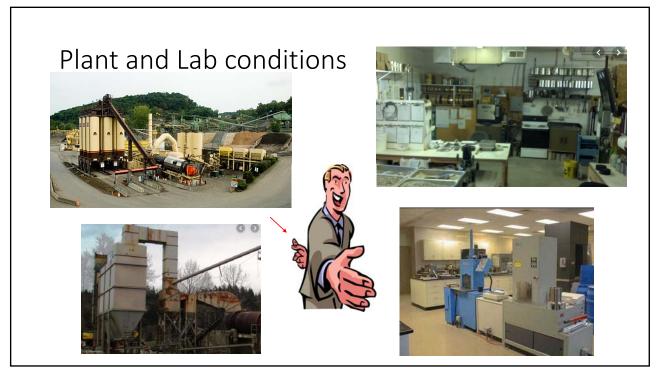
No Challenges

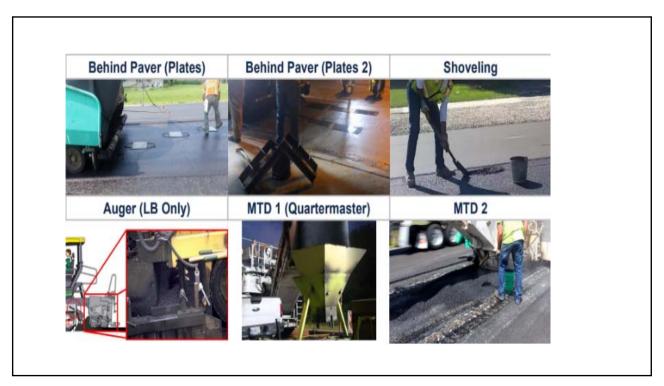
Test variables: Voids, VMA and Density



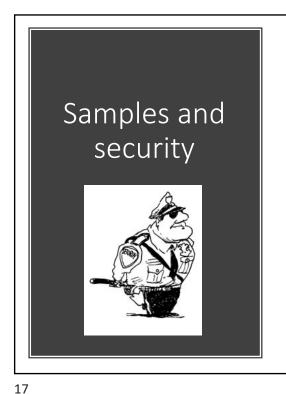


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Asphalt Forensics

- Past Projects QC vs QA
- Production
 - Ingredients
 - Handling
 - Rates
 - Dust controls
- Testing procedures
 - Mix Design
 - Round Robin
 - Equipment
 - Techniques



Note: review of Gmm, Gmb, AC% and minus #200



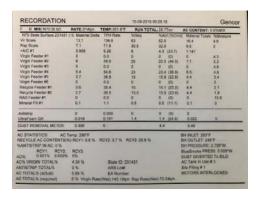
Production

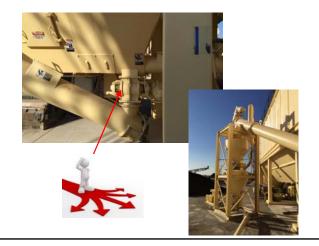
- Ingredients: Aggregate Supplier moved location in the quarry
- Handling: Small confined stockpiles
- Mix design vs production

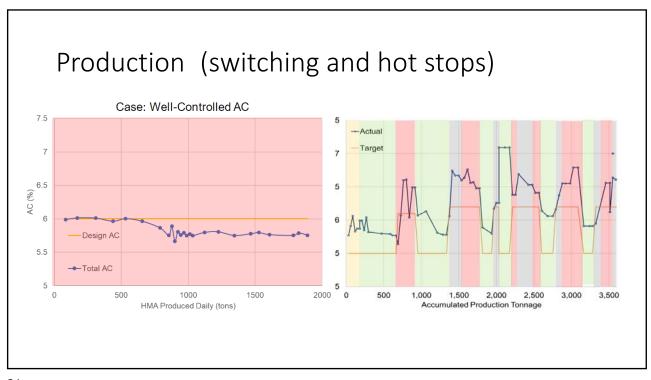
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Production Issues

- Reading Dataloggers vs Interpolations of the report
- Use of positive dust control





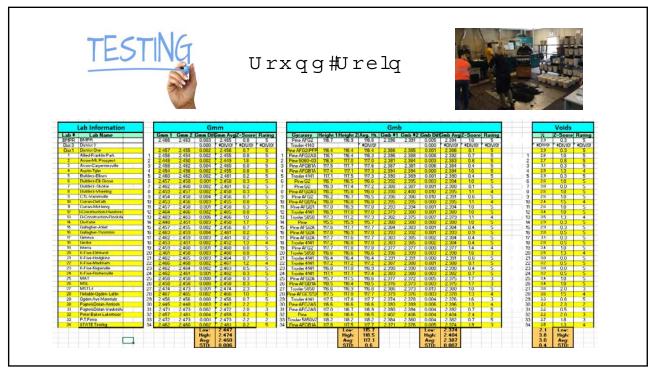


Testing (2018 Site Visit)

- Mix Design
- MISTIC/Sequel Server
- QCQA Package
- Round Robin

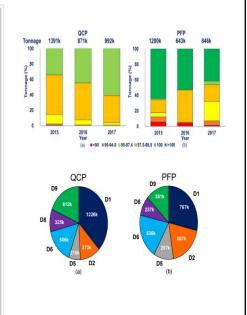






Cliff notes on QCP and PFP (2015-2017 data): Findings

- More QCP projects than PFP
- PFP has higher pay reductions than QCP project
- Over the last three seasons Contractors increased their pay on QCP
- Density was the major reason for reduction (especially on PFP) compared to the other components in pay factor calculations it is followed by air voids and VMA



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"Cliff" notes and Hi-Lights of 2018 site visits



- Most QC managers understood the ins and outs of the programs (ones visited)
- QC staffs knew their responsibilities, some better than others
- Some QC departments had unique practices that improved on their production and pay factors
- Consistency and communication
- Experienced QA personnel does make a difference
- QA tried to follow the intent of the program, while still looking out for the best interest of the Department

Practical Tips for Construction



- Pre-pave have the inspectors attend meeting.....discussion on where splitting is going to happen and how cores are to be labeled/secured
- Random Numbers....
 Do's and don'ts

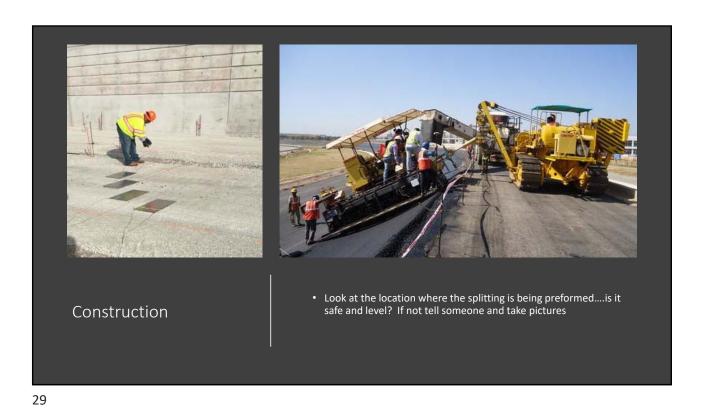
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Practical Tips

• Record the time and tonnage on when the HMA sample was taken







Construction (Density)

Innovations are coming
Rollers
Intelligent Compaction
Infrared scanning
WMA and rejuvenators
Longitudinal joint sealants/RPE

Density Variability

Density Variability

Density Variability

Density Variability

Materials

- Consistency
- Experience
- Mix design
- Forensics (pictures of DL)
- Plant and jobsite visits still needed





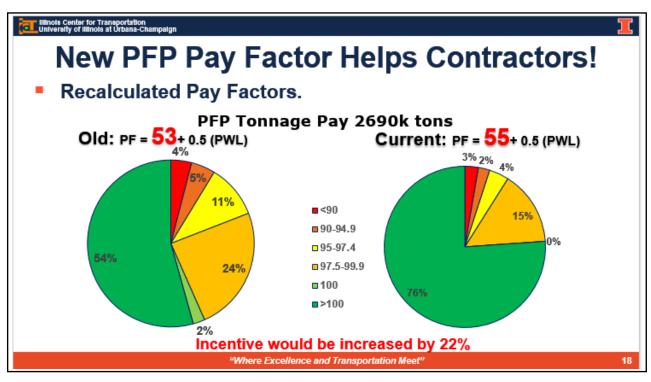


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GOOD PRACTICE

Report recommendations

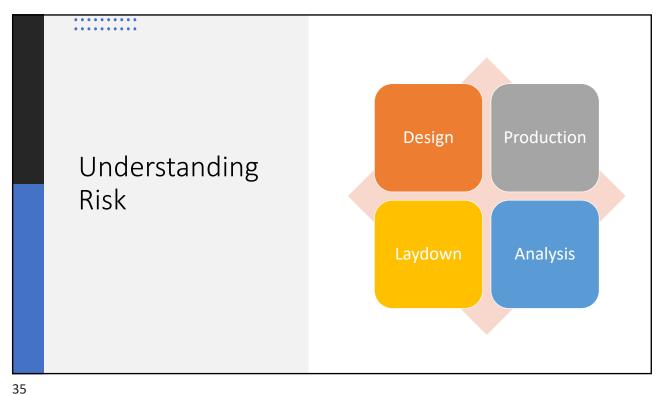
- Limit mix switches
- Positive dust control
- Stockpile handling
- Cold feed control
- Sampling location
- Sampling, blending, splitting and reheating
- Gyratory monitoring (round robin)
- Training

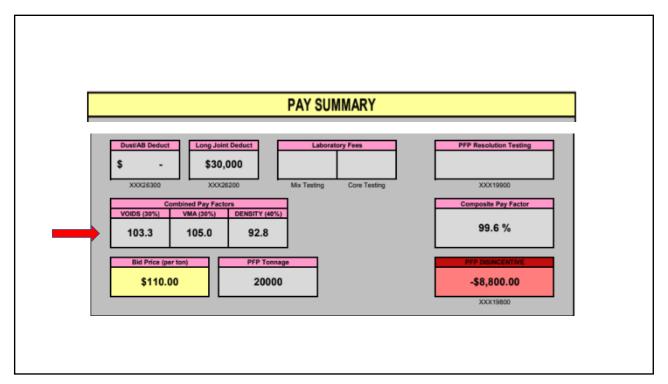


Summary



- ~80% of the results, according to the Mann Whitney, are in agreement between contractors and districts
 - The variability and loss of pay in those cases are mainly related to production and construction issues
- For the results that don't agree, the major issue driving the differences is the G_{mb} test results:
 - Possible sources: Gyratory compactor, reheating, and sample test weights





Good, Bad, and Ugly



Voids (Production)

Density (site conditions)

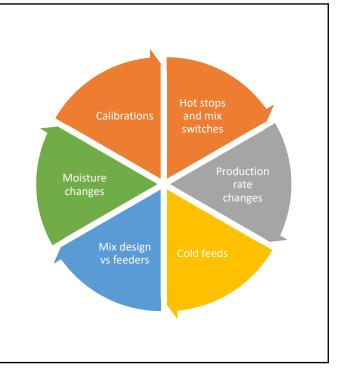
VMA (Design)

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Surgxfwlrq

Practices that may have payment risks



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Reducing risk during Laydown

- Rate of paving
- Trucking & Mix handling
- Equipment and Compaction
- Communication
- Sampling/Blending
- Core handling







Practical tips on Forensics

- Datalogger Temperature Chart review
- Tonnages and time (take pictures)
- Review test weights vs test results
- Communicate vs pointing of fingers
- Training



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